

- High energy diet
- High attractivity
- Good performance
- For semi-intensive farming
- Good for autumn feeding



COMPOSITION:

| Analyses (%) | | Sizes |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|
| Protein | 34 | 2.0 mm |
| Fat | 15 | |
| Crude fibre | 1,4 | |
| Ash | 6,8 | |
| Total P | 1,10 | |
| Vitamins added | | |
| Vitamin A (IE/kg) | 10000 | |
| Energy (MJ/kg) | | |
| Gross Energy | 20,3 | |
| Digestible Energy | 17,4 | |

FEEDING TABLE FOR LOW FEED CONVERSION RATIO (FCR)

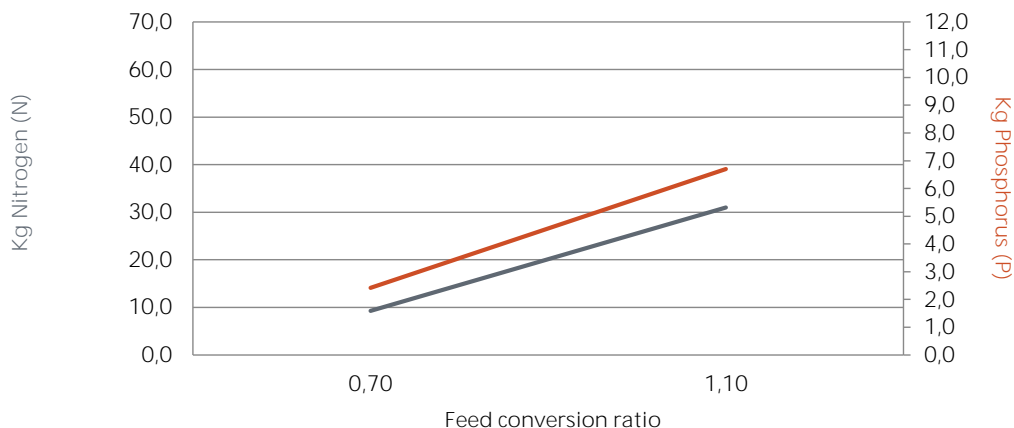
| Fish weight (g) | Feed size (mm) | < 10 °C | 10 °C | 12 °C | 14 °C | 16 °C | 18 °C | 20 °C | 22 °C | 24 °C | 26 °C | > 26 °C |
|-----------------|----------------|------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| 15-25 | 2.0 | | 1,98 | 2,58 | 2,77 | 3,57 | 4,26 | 4,85 | 5,55 | 6,34 | 5,58 | |
| 25-50 | 2.0 | According to fish's appetite | 1,49 | 1,98 | 2,58 | 2,77 | 3,57 | 4,26 | 4,85 | 5,35 | 4,71 | According to fish's appetite & CO2 level |

* The feeding advice is expressed in % biomass/day.

* This feeding table is a guideline only and based on optimal conditions.

ECOLOGICAL FIGURES:

Discharge per 1000 kg production



The values of the nutrients and vitamins are from the time of writing.

These values can vary due to natural variation in the ingredients. We reserve the right to change our recipe.

For the exact values we refer to the label.